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# Public Procurement – Institutional framework

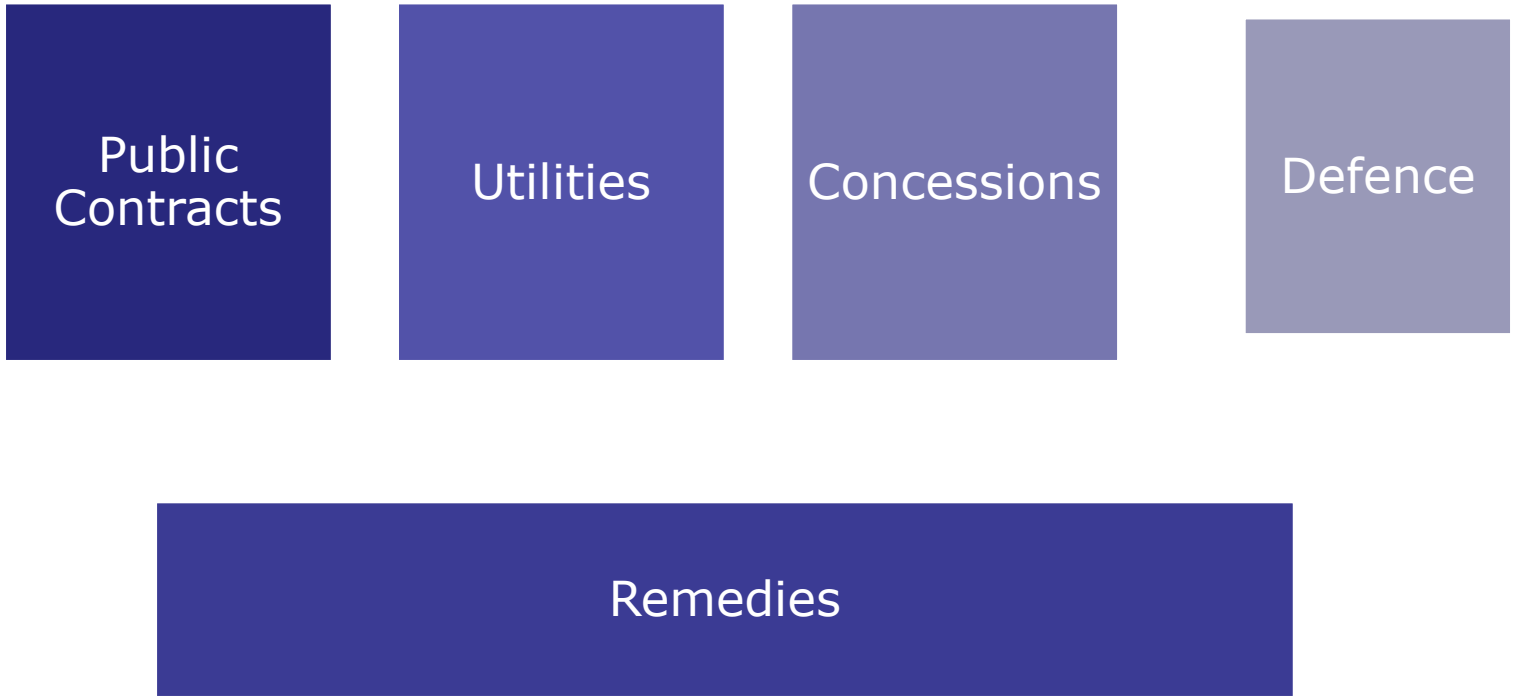
## DG GROW.G2
## 06/12/2018

*These slides accompany the explanation of the acquis to Albania and North Macedonia and can only be used for that purpose. Their content is subject to further development of the acquis and interpretation by the Court of Justice of the European Union*

# Challenges

- Stable legal framework through alignment with the EU Directives
- Develop a functioning institutional framework
- Fight against corruption
- Introducing greater efficiency in public procurement

# Legislative procurement ecosystem

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# How to build a functional institutional framework?

- Adequate institutional set-up
- Professional staff
- Independent remedies system

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# Fighting corruption: detect and redress

- **to detect corruption**
  - an efficient monitoring system and a solid national database on irregularities in PP
  - Protection of whistle-blowers
- **to redress corruption**
  - Effective review procedures
  - Effective sanctioning of corruption in procurement

# Closing benchmarks Chapter 5 – legal component

- The country fully aligns its national legal framework with the EU acquis with regard to all areas of public procurement;

# Closing benchmarks – administrative component

a) the implementation of a public procurement strategy to improve the administrative capacity;
b) the preparation of practical implementing and monitoring tools;
c) the strengthening of control mechanisms;
d) the effective functioning of the remedies system;
e) measures related to the prevention of and fight against corruption and conflicts of interests in the area of public procurement

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# Closing benchmarks – implementation component

The country demonstrates a track record of a fair and transparent public procurement system, which provides value for money, competition, and strong safeguards against corruption.

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Alignment
Enforcement

New
opportunities
New markets